

Tutorübung am 05.07.2011 - Mathematik für das Studium Naturale, SS2011
Blatt 19: Brownsche Bewegung, Autoren: Gero Friesecke, Dominik Jüstel

```
with(plots) :  

with(Statistics) :  

with(RandomTools[MersenneTwister]) :
```

Initialisierung
(T = 30, Samples = 500, h = 0.1)

```
T := 30;  

Samples := 500;  

h := 0.1;  

N := floor( $\frac{T}{h}$ );  

s := sqrt(h) :  

30  

500  

0.1  

300  

(1)
```

Berechnung der zufälligen Richtung für jedes Sample und jeden Zeitpunkt

```
RX := array(1 ..Samples, 0 ..N) :  

for i from 1 to Samples do  

  R := [seq(GenerateInteger(range=0 ..1), j=1 ..N) ]:  

  for j from 1 to N do  

    RX[i, j] := R[j] :  

  end:  

end:
```

Berechnung der Positionen des Teilchens für jedes Sample und jeden Zeitpunkt

```
X := array(1 ..Samples, 0 ..N) :  

for i from 1 to Samples do  

  X[i, 0] := 0 :  

  for j from 1 to N do  

    X[i, j] := X[i, j - 1] + s · (2 · RX[i, j] - 1) :  

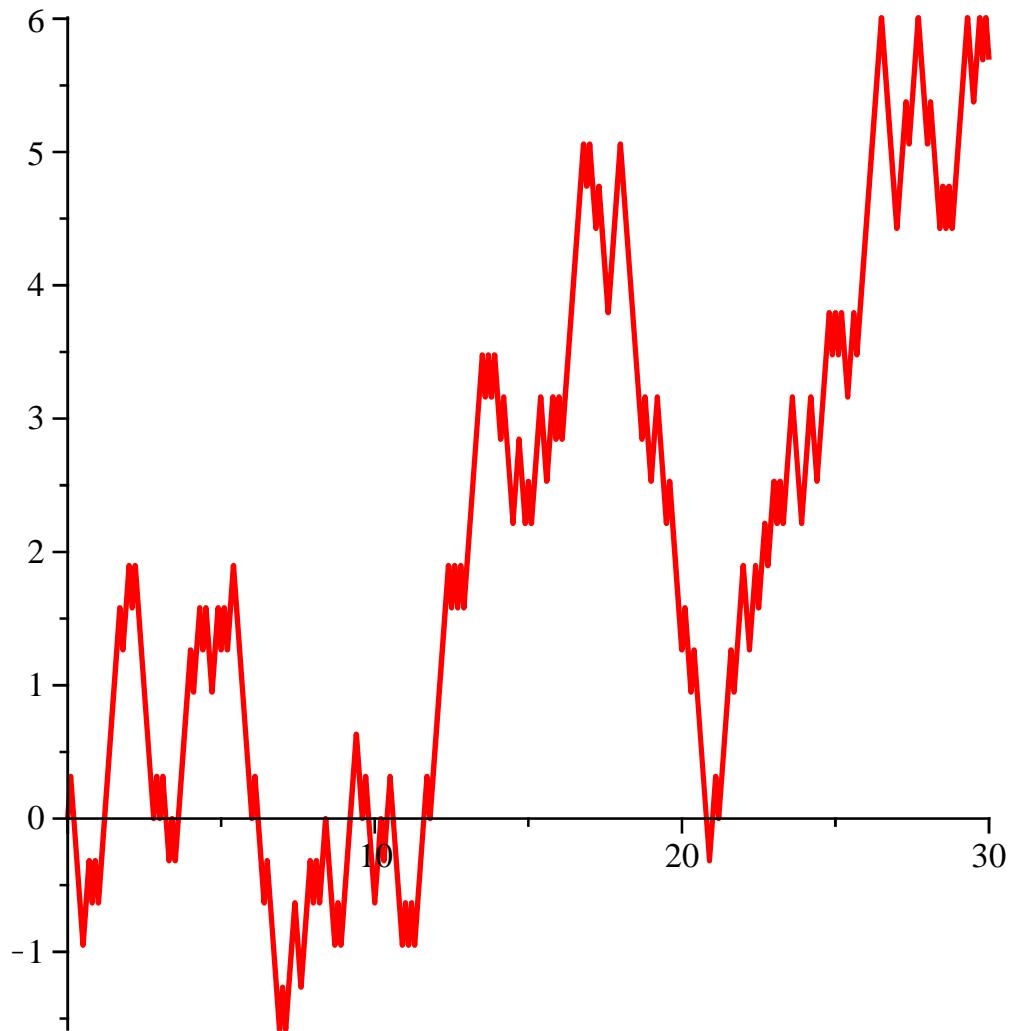
  end:  

end:
```

Plot der Ortskurve des ersten Samples

```
Tlist := [seq(h · (k - 1), k = 1 ..N + 1) ]:  

plot(Tlist, [seq(X[1, j], j = 0 ..N)], thickness = 2);
```

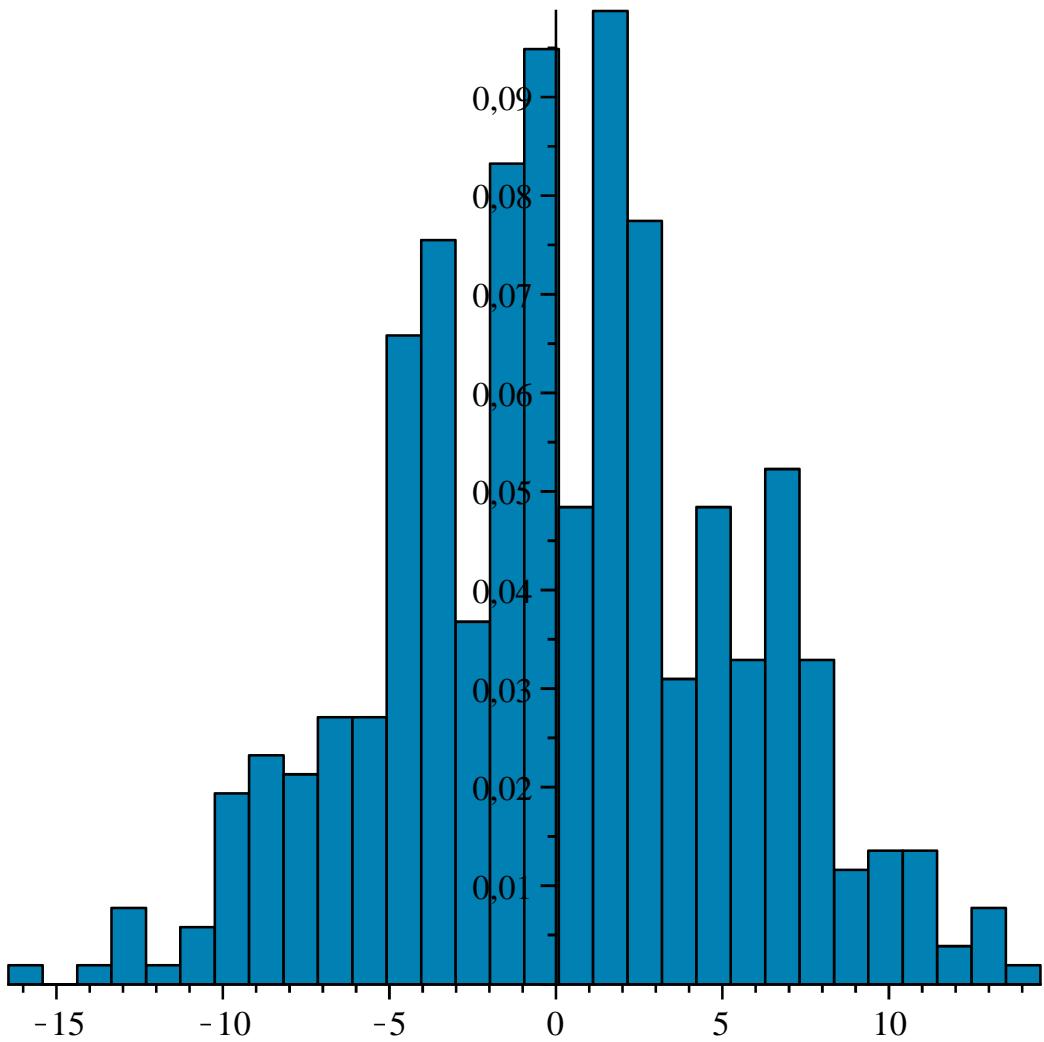


Auslesen der Positionen zum Zeitpunkt T (Endpunkte)

```
E := array(1 ..Samples) :  
for i from 1 to Samples do  
    E[i] := X[i, N] :  
end:
```

Plot des Histogramms der Endpunkte

```
Histogram(E);
```



Berechnung von Mittelwert und Standardabweichung von E und Test der Verteilung

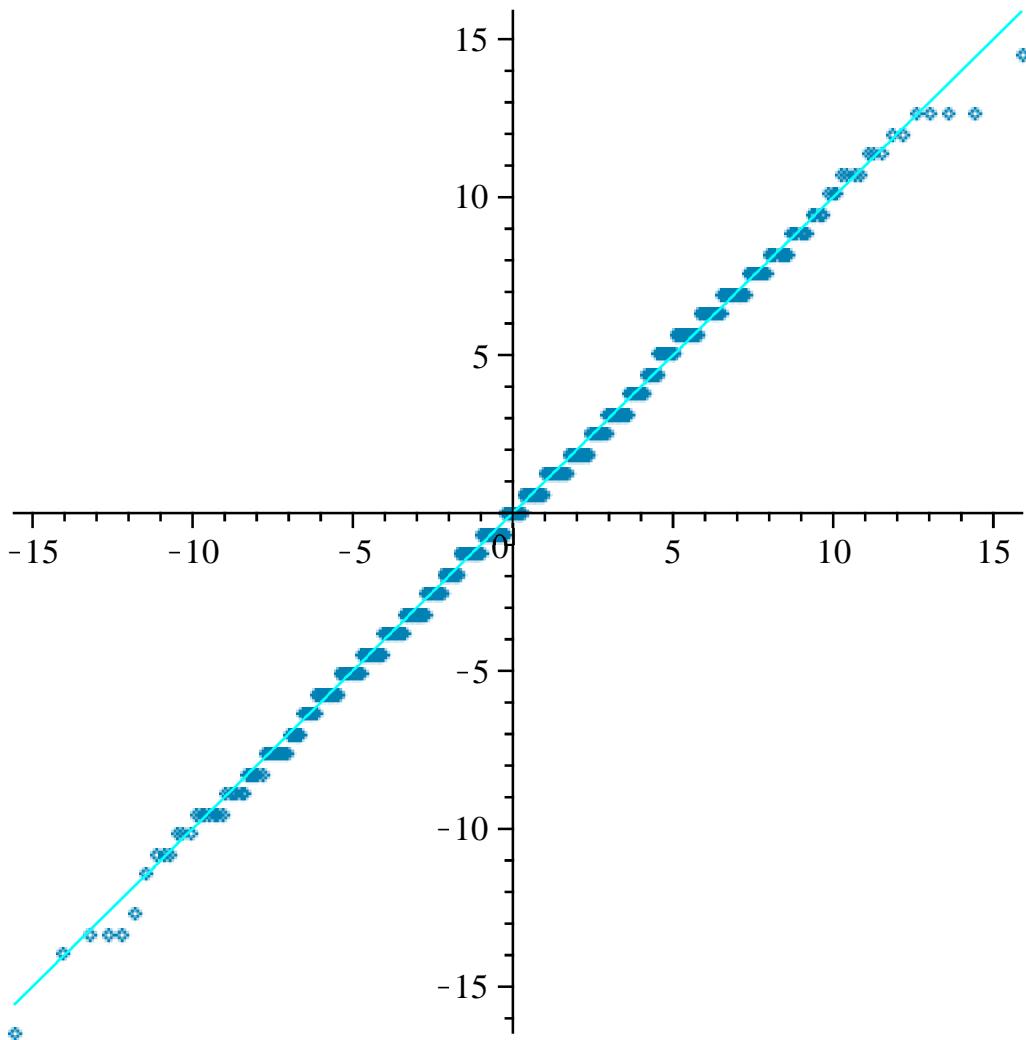
$$m := \text{Mean}(E);$$

$$s := \text{StandardDeviation}(E);$$

`ProbabilityPlot(E, Normal(m, s));`

$$0.1581138830$$

$$5.259117479$$

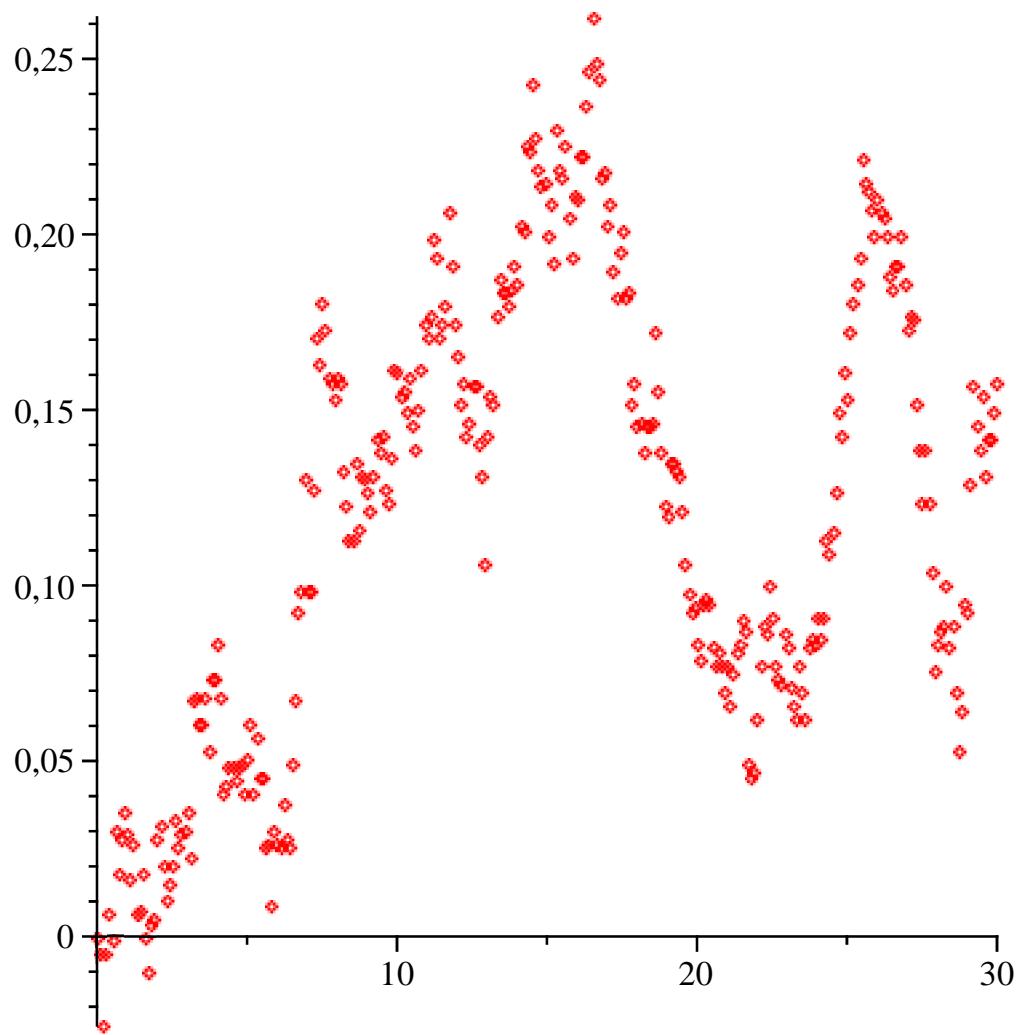


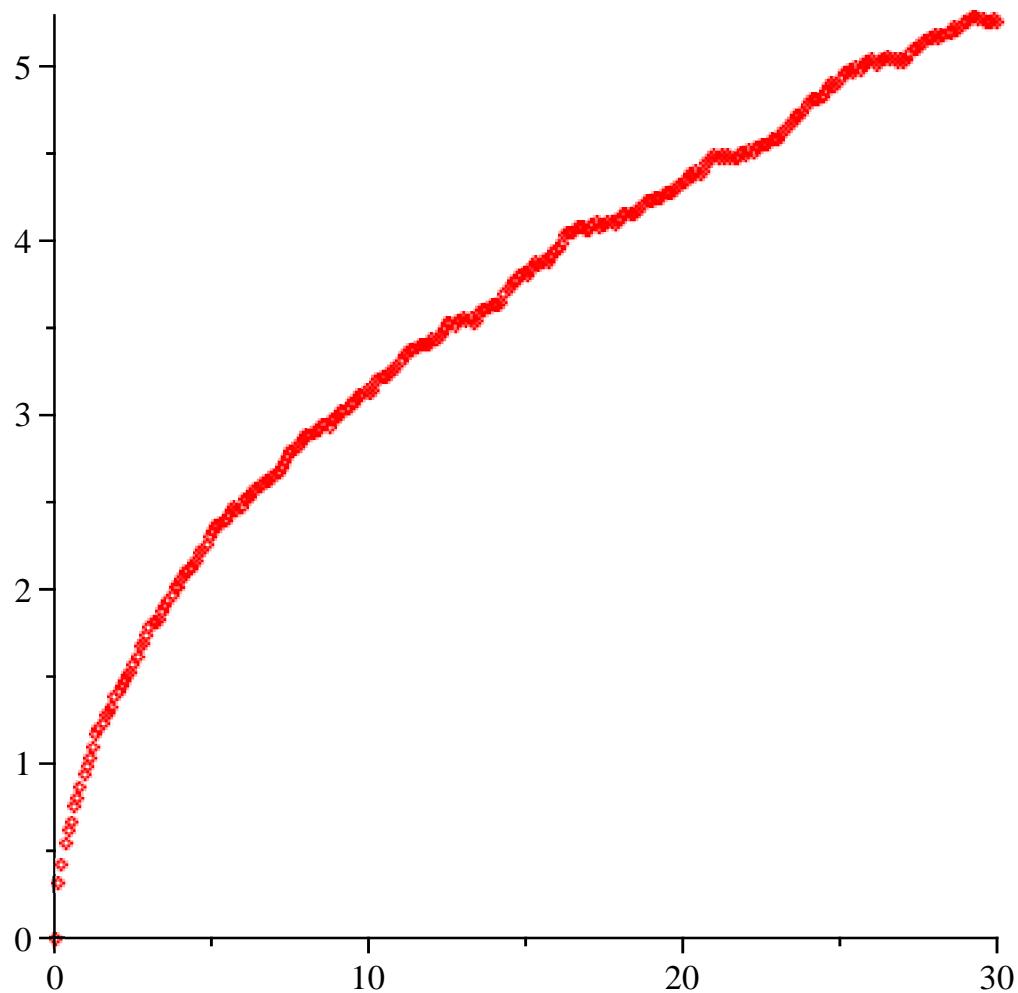
Berechnung der Standardabweichung der Position zu allen Zeitpunkten, Vergleich mit \sqrt{t}

```

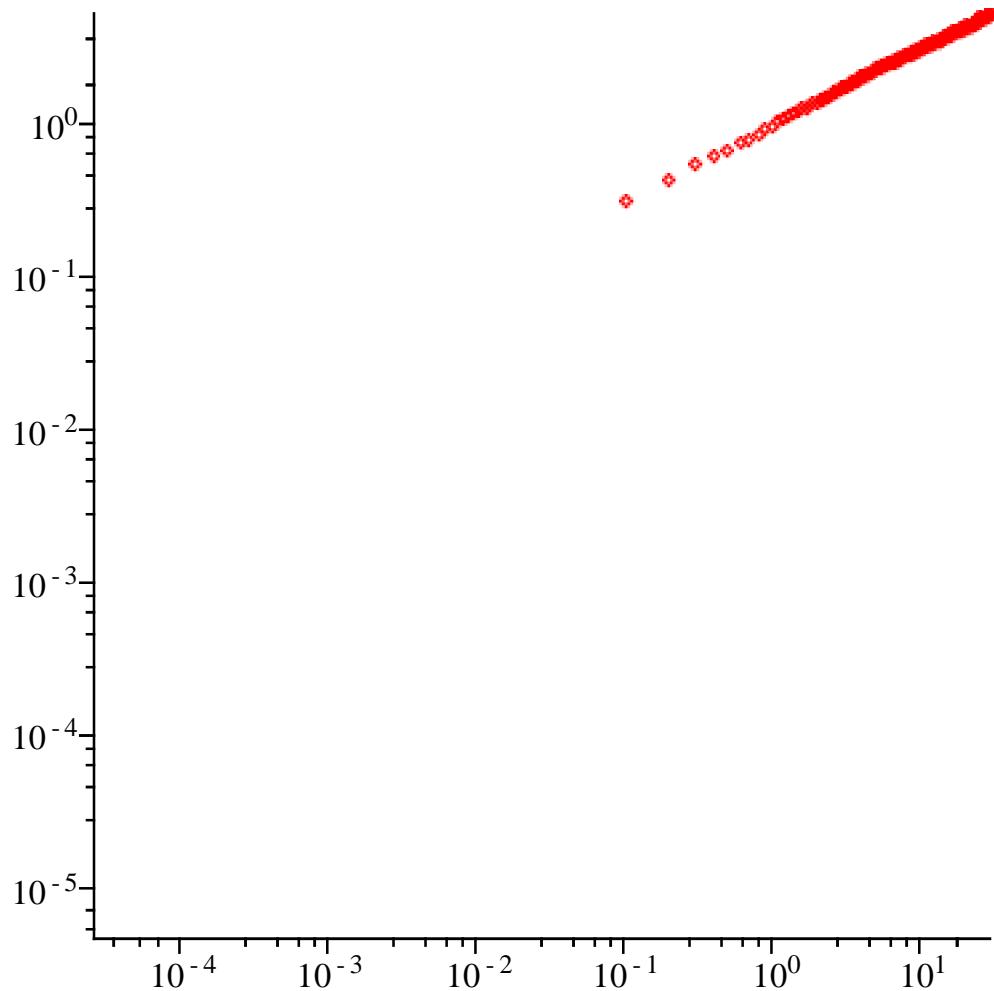
 $M := \text{array}(0..N) :$ 
for  $j$  from 0 to  $N$  do
     $M[j] := \text{Mean}([\text{seq}(X[i, j], i = 1 .. \text{Samples})]) :$ 
end:
 $SD := \text{array}(0..N) :$ 
for  $j$  from 0 to  $N$  do
     $SD[j] := \text{StandardDeviation}([\text{seq}(X[i, j], i = 1 .. \text{Samples})]) :$ 
end:
 $Mlist := \text{convert}(M, \text{listlist}) :$ 
 $SDlist := \text{convert}(SD, \text{listlist}) :$ 
 $\text{plot}(Tlist, Mlist, \text{style} = \text{point}) ;$ 
 $\text{plot}(Tlist, SDlist, \text{style} = \text{point}) ;$ 

```





```
loglogplot(Tlist, SDlist, style = point, thickness = 2);
```



```
P1 := plot(Tlist, SDlist, thickness=3, style=point) :  
P2 := plot(sqrt(t), t=0..T, color=blue) :  
display(P1, P2);
```

