

**Partial Differential Equations I**

Winter semester 2009/10

**Exercise 5: Banach space of harmonic functions**

Let  $U \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  be open and bounded. Show that  $(\{u \in C(\overline{U}) \mid u \text{ harmonic in } U\}, \|\cdot\|_\infty)$  (with  $\|u\|_\infty := \sup_{x \in \overline{U}} |u(x)|$ ) is a Banach space.

*Hint:* You may use the fact that  $(C(\overline{U}), \|\cdot\|_\infty)$  is a Banach space.

**Exercise 6: Neumann boundary-value problem for the Poisson equation**

Let  $U \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  be open and bounded with a  $C^1$ -boundary and outer unit normal  $\nu$ , as well as  $f \in C(\overline{U})$ ,  $g \in C(\partial U)$ . Show that if the Poisson equation with *Neumann boundary conditions*,

$$\begin{cases} -\Delta u = f & \text{in } U \\ \partial_\nu u = g & \text{on } \partial U \end{cases},$$

has a solution  $u \in C^2(\overline{U})$ , then

$$\int_U f \, dx + \int_{\partial U} g \, dS = 0.$$

**Exercise 7: Harnack's inequality**

Let  $U \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  be open. Show that for every connected  $V \subset\subset U$  there exists a  $C > 0$  such that

$$\sup_V u \leq C \inf_V u$$

for all functions  $u \geq 0$ , which are harmonic in  $U$ .

**Exercise 8: Faraday cage**

The Poisson equation of electrostatics

$$\rho = -\Delta\varphi \tag{1}$$

describes the relation between the *electric charge density*  $\rho$  and the *electrostatic potential*  $\varphi$ . Suppose  $U \subset \mathbb{R}^3$ ,  $U$  open with  $C^1$ -boundary, is a bounded region, surrounded by a conducting material  $\partial U$ . Let  $\rho \in C_c(\mathbb{R}^3)$  be a compactly supported charge density, which vanishes on  $\overline{U}$ , i.e.  $\text{supp}(\rho) \subset \mathbb{R}^3 \setminus \overline{U}$ , and let  $\varphi \in C^2(\mathbb{R}^3)$  be a corresponding potential, which satisfies (1). According to the theory of electrostatics, the potential  $\varphi$  has to be constant on  $\partial U$ :

$$\varphi|_{\partial U} = \text{const.}$$

Show that this implies that the electric field vanishes in  $U$ :

$$\nabla\varphi|_U = 0.$$